A Closer Look / How Does Phosphorus Move?



PHOSPHORUS

is found in multiple forms:

- Particulate (sediment-bound) Phosphorus
- Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus

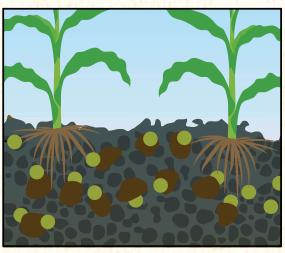


Recent studies suggest the amount of dissolved P lost from fields and its impact on water quality is greater than often assumed. Dissolved P can infiltrate and move through subsurface pathways - an area of emerging concern.

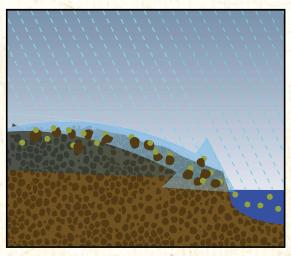


DID YOU KNOW?

Phosphorus is present in all of the world's fresh waterbodies, but humans contribute to the concentration and extent in our water.



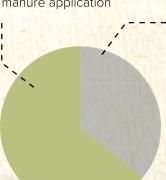
Particulate phosphorus binds closely with sediment. When soil is transported in the process of erosion, particulate phosphorus is also on the move.



Sediment that moves with surface runoff accounts for the majority of phosphorus (P) from lowa fields delivered to streams.



- Annual cropping systems
- Rich soils
- Nitrogen fertilizer and manure application



OTHER SOURCES

- Wastewater treatment plants
- Industrial facilities
- Lawn fertilizers
- Dishwashing detergents

WATER QUALITY **MATTERS TO US ALL!**

Iowa State University researchers estimate that lowans would be willing to pay about \$30 million per year for recreational improvements from the better water quality associated with full implementation of our state's Nutrient Reduction Strategy! The Nutrient Reduction Strategy takes a science-based, voluntary approach to target 45% reductions in nitrogen and phosphorus loads.

Sources of Phosphorus in Iowa (Iowa Nutrient Reduction Strategy)

